

POSTER PRESENTATION

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Computational modelling of micro-seizures and focal seizure onset

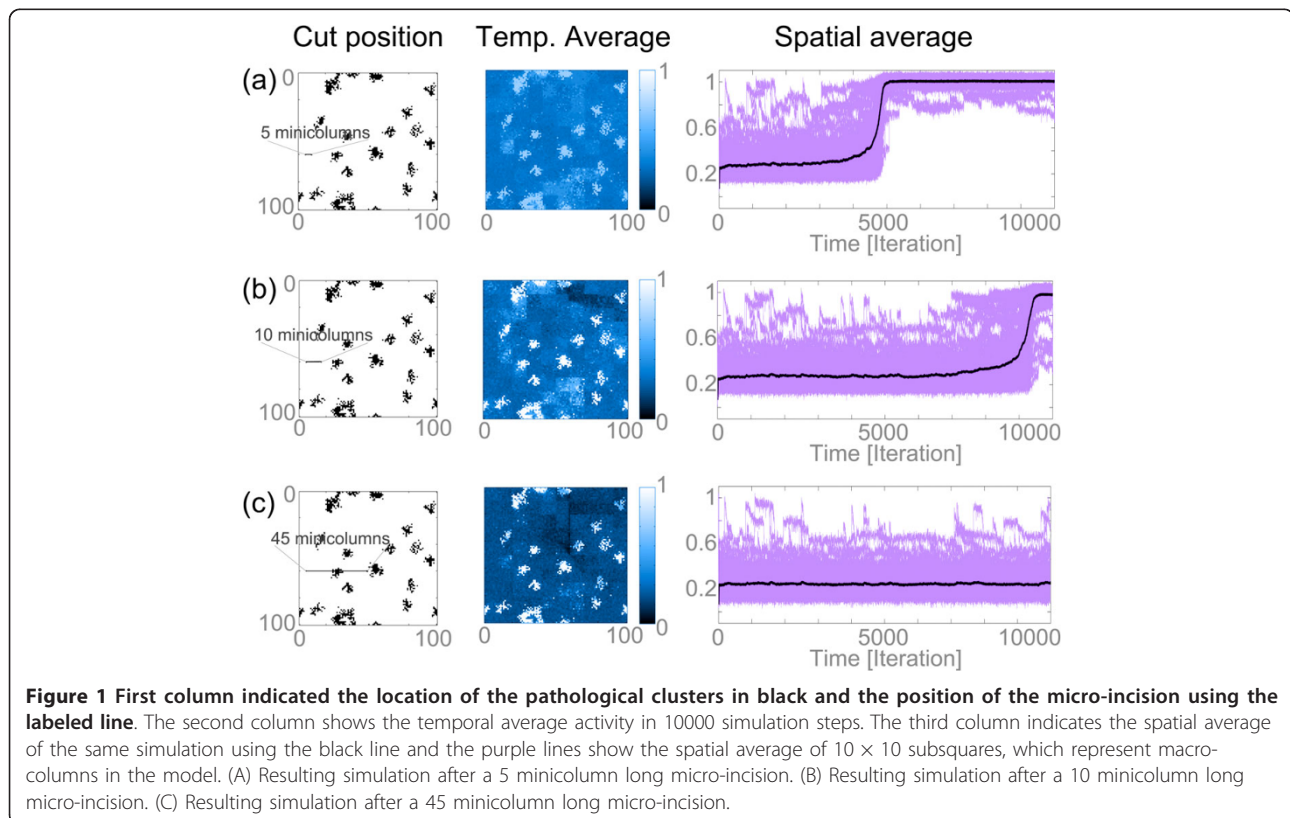
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Pathological micro-domains have been proposed to underpin the generation of local pathological activity, as seen in focal seizures in the epileptic cortex [1-3]. Specifically, so-called micro-seizures have been suggested to be markers for these micro-domains [2,3]. Astonishingly, micro-seizures have also been observed in non-epileptic

control patients [3]. This suggests that local activity, such as micro-seizures, only become pathological when in a specific arrangement.

We hypothesize that pathological dynamics could be due to an increased density of micro-domains. To test this, we introduce a computational model on the mesoscopic scale



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of a $5 \times 5 \text{ mm}^2$ cortical sheet [4]. The units are modelled as excitable minicolumns. This model also incorporates realistic connectivity schemes observed at this spatial scale [5].

The model shows occasional, non-pathological micro-seizure occurrences, as well as recruitment of normal tissue into full-blown seizure activity in the presence of dense clusters of hyperactive micro-seizure domains. A specific prediction of this model is that the transition to full-blown seizures can be prevented by using micro-incisions to separate the clusters of abnormally active micro-domains (Figure. 1) [6].

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